NJSLS Grade 9-10

Marking Period 1		(Unit 1) Indigenous an	Unit Recommended Title Instructional Days and Colonial American Literature 40 days		
Reading Literature Text Strand: RL.9-10.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. RL.9-10.2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details and provide an objective summary of the text. RL.9-10.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create	RI.9-10.1 A thorough ted discussion, make relevation analysis of explicitly a including delayer matter RI.9-10.2. If a text and a developed a details; prosummary of RI.9-10.3. A unfolds an or events, it which the pare introductions	ag Informational Text Strand: Accurately cite strong and extual evidence, (e.g., via written response, etc.) and ant connections, to support what the text says is well as inferentially, etermining where the text ers uncertain. Determine a central idea of analyze how it is and refined by specific vide an objective	Title	Instructional Days 40 days ities, Investigations, ections, and/or Student	
specific effects (e.g. mystery, tension, or surprise). RL.9-10.6. Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature. RL.9-10.7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each work (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux	words and j a text, inclu- connotative analyze the specific wo and tone (e court opinion newspaper) RI.9-10.5.2	Determine the meaning of phrases as they are used in ading figurative, e, and technical meanings; cumulative impact of ard choices on meaning e.g., how the language of a on differs from that of a b. Analyze in detail how an eas or claims are			

Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).

RL.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from mythology or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).

By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.

Progress Indicator:

RL.9-10.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. RL.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).

NJSLS.RL.9-10.7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums,

developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).

RI.9-10.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance that point of view or purpose.

RI.9-10.8. Describe and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and reasoning. RI.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance, (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail", Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, etc.), including how they relate in terms of themes and significant concepts.

Progress Indicator:

RI.9-10.1 Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.) and make relevant connections, to support analysis of what the text says

including what is emphasized or absent in each work (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus). RL.9-10.10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at grade level or above.

explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RI.9-10.2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze how it is developed and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.9-10.3. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.

RI.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).

RI.9-10.5. Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).

RI.9-10.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance that point of view or purpose.

RI.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge,

(e.g., Washington's Farewell Address the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail", Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, etc.), including how they relate in terms of themes and significant concepts.	
Writing Strand:	
NJSLSA.W1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. NJSLSA. W2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. NJSLSA.W3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences	 Essential Question/s: What is "American" literature? What is the significance of journals, speeches, and oral tradition in historical analysis? What effect does Native American oral tradition have on Anglophonic American Literature? What are the defining features of colonial literature? How does Colonial literature continue to affect modern/contemporary American literature and culture? How does colonial lifestyles and morality affect their literature? How does the experience of a slave affect the early American mythos? What is American Literature? Activity Description:
	the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail", Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, etc.), including how they relate in terms of themes and significant concepts. Writing Strand: NJSLSA.W1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. NJSLSA. W2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

or events using effective technique,

well-structured event sequences.

extended time frames (time for

NJSLSA.W10 Write routinely over

research, reflection, and revision) and

shorter time frames (a single sitting

well-chosen details, and

meaning or tone.

themes or topics in

NJSLSA.R9. Analyze and reflect on

how two or more texts address similar

order to build knowledge or to compare

the approaches the authors take.

Activity Description:

Small and large group discussions (i.e. Think-Pair-Share) Discussion on female writers and their impacts on literary history Guided or interactive editing or revision exercises Word games on Notebook for strengthening vocabulary Complete graphic organizers, such as TPCASTT forms and Venn Diagrams Writing revision tasks, both independently and with partners.

NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.

Progress Indicator:

RH.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.

RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including

vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences;

analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.

RH.9-10.5. Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.

or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

W.9-10.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

W.9-10.9. Draw evidence from literary or nonfiction informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

B. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to nonfiction informational e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").

Progress Indicator:

W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

A. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

RST.9-10.6. Determine the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the author seeks to address.

RST.9-10.7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

B. Develop claim(s) and

phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. section that supports the argument presented.

informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection,

counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies, propaganda devices, and using sound reasoning, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns. C. Use transitions (e.g. words,

objective for academic writing) while E. Provide a concluding paragraph or W.9-10.2. Write organization, and analysis of content.

A. Introduce a topic; organize

complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic. E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.9-10.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new

approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

W.9-10.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.
W.9-10.9. Draw evidence from literary or nonfiction informational texts to support analysis, reflection,

B. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to nonfiction informational e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").

and research.

Speaking and Listening Language Strand: Strand: NJSLSA.SL1. Prepare for and NJSLSA L1 Demonstrate command participate effectively in a range of of the conventions of standard conversations and collaborations with English grammar and usage when diverse partners, building on others' writing or speaking. NJSLSA.L2. Demonstrate command ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. of the conventions of standard NJSLSA.SL2. Integrate and evaluate English capitalization, punctuation, information presented in diverse media and spelling when writing. and formats, including visually, NJSLSA.L5. Demonstrate quantitatively, and orally. understanding of word relationships NJSLSA.SL3. Evaluate a speaker's and nuances in word meanings. point of view, reasoning, and use of NJSLSA.L6. Acquire and use evidence and rhetoric. accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words NJSLSA.SL4. Present information. and phrases sufficient for reading, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of writing, speaking, and listening at the reasoning and the organization. college and career readiness level: demonstrate independence in development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. gathering vocabulary knowledge SL.9-10.6. Adapt speech to a variety of when encountering an unknown term contexts and tasks, demonstrating important to comprehension or command of formal English. expression. **Progress Indicator: Progress Indicator:** SL.9-10.1. Initiate and participate L.9-10.1. Demonstrate command of effectively in a range of collaborative the conventions of standard English discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and grammar and usage when writing or teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 speaking. Use parallel structure.* topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own Use various types of phrases (noun, clearly and persuasively. A. Come to verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, discussions prepared, having read and prepositional, absolute) and clauses researched material under study; (independent, dependent; noun, explicitly draw on that preparation by relative, adverbial) to convey specific

referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. B. Collaborate with peers to set rules for discussions (e.g. informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views); develop clear goals and assessment criteria (e.g. student developed rubric) and assign individual roles as needed. C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. D. Respond thoughtfully to various perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and justify own views. Make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented. SL.9-10.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source. SL.9-10.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any false reasoning or distorted evidence. SL.9-10.4. Present information. findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The

content, organization, development,

meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.

- L.9-10.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- A. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.
- B. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.
- C. Spell correctly.
- L.9-10.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content,
- grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

 B. Identify and correctly use patterns.
- B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).
- C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.

and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. SL.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). L.9-10.6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
	gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or
Social and Emotional Learning: Competencies	Social and Emotional Learning: Sub-Competencies
 Self-Awareness Self-Management Social Awareness Responsible Decision-Making Relationship Skills 	 Recognize the importance of self-confidence in handling daily tasks and challenges Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal

Assessments (Formative)	Assessments (Summative)				
To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully	To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully				
engage within:	complete:				
Formative Assessments: • Venn Diagram of Romanticism and Realism • K.W.H.L quiz on female authors and their writing • Researching the different methods of curing mental disorders on women during the early 1900s • Complete a literary analysis of a fairy tale in a group by viewing the fairy tale through different lenses • Read a short story by a contemporary female author and be prepared to do an informal presentation on that story • Create a chart on what defines an American novel. • Work in groups to create a small book club. Discuss which book your group would like to read next and the tasks your group has for dissecting that book. Be prepared to create a presentation on that book • Group quizzes on Billy Budd, Turn of the Screw, Ethan Frome, and Daisy Miller using Notebook • Alternative Assessments (projects, student portfolios, performance based assessments)	Benchmarks: Grade 10 District Assessment Research Analysis: Essay on Native Literature: Research the Lenape people and discuss how their cultural beliefs are reflected in their mythology. Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a) Webquest: Research the modern relevance of Julius Caesar and create a presentation on how rhetoric is an important tool in political manipulation Holocaust Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28) Standards in Action: Climate Change) Narrative Writing: Journal Writing Write a journal writing Write a journal as if you were a colonist living in Salem Massachusetts during the Salem Witch Hunt. Literary Analysis: Essay on Colonial Writers Closely read the poem "A Mark of Resistance" by Adrienne Rich and compare the speaker of the poem's tone to Brutus in Julius Caesar [LGBT and Disabilities Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35] Write an essay that focuses on the diction Equiano uses in his memoir and how it affects his audience (Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88) Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a) Multiple choice NJSLA-style test on Equiano (Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88)				
Differentiated Student Access to Content:					
Differentiated Student Access to Content:					

Teaching and Learning Resources/Materials

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core Resources		
 Learning Contracts Centers/Stations Interactive Journals Leveled Readers Online Simulations Teacher Editions Student Editions 	 Extra Support Readers Provide options for Comprehension Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of materials Provide options for perception Manipulatives 	 Online Thesaurus Extra Support Readers Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of materials 	 Enrichment Readers Enrichment Activities Compacting Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of rigorous materials 		

Supplemental Resources

Technology:

Technology Integration:

- Websites:
 - o Newsela, Formative, Vocabulary, Blendspace, Canva
 - o CrashCourse Literature, CrashCourse History, TedTalk, TedEd, Commonlit
- Schoology, Google classroom, Teacher website, IXL
- Librivox, Lit2Go, Project Gutenberg
- Ipevo Document Camera

Other:

Suggested literary texts

- Lenape myth "Earth on the Turtle's Back"
 - o (Standards in Action: Climate Change)
- Journals and Essays
 - o "On their Safe Arrival" by William Bradford
 - o The Diary of Samuel Sewall Excerpt
 - o The Diary of William Byrd Excerpt
- Poetry and Sermons
 - o Anne Bradstreet's "The Author to her Book"
 - o Anne Bradstreet's "The Burning of our House"
 - o Jonathan Edwards' "Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God"
- The Interesting Narrative of the Life of Olaudah Equiano by Olaudah Equiano (Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88) (Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a)

• Julius Caesar by William Shakespeare

Suggest informational texts

- The Great Law of Peace: The Iroquois Constitution (LGBTQ and Disabilities Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35) to discuss gender roles and expectations)
- Newsela Articles
 - o John Winthrop's "Model of Christian Charity"
 - o Lockean Liberalism and the American Revolution
- The Social Contract by John Locke
- *The Leviathan* by Thomas Hobbes
- Outline of American Literature: Pre-Colonial to Realism by Kathryn Spankeren

Classroom Equipment:

- Smartboard
- Laptop/Chromebook and Internet
- Whiteboard for the classroom
- Novels/books

Differentiated Student Access to Content: Recommended *Strategies & Techniques*

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core		
 Learning Contracts Centers/Stations Interactive Journals Leveled Readers Online Simulations Teacher Editions Student Editions 	 Extra Support Readers Provide options for Comprehension Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of materials Provide options for perception Manipulatives 	 Online Thesaurus Extra Support Readers Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of materials 	 Enrichment Readers Enrichment Activities Compacting Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of rigorous materials 		

	Disciplinary Concept: • With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success. • Innovative ideas or in can lead to career opportunities.					
NJSLS CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES & KEY	Core Ideas:	There are reasons and consequences to taking on debt. •				

SKILLS	Performance Expectation/s:	CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being. CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation. CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies. CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management. CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity. CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.				
	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills Practices					
	There are strategies to improve one's professional value and marketability. Career planning requires purposeful planning based on research, self-knowledge, and informed choices. Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities. Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed. Digital communities influence many aspects of society, especially the workforce. The increased connectivity between people in different cultures and different career fields have changed the nature, content, and responsibilities of many careers.					

	New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative Code (place an "X" before each law/statute if/when present within the curriculum map)								
X	Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88	X	Holocaust Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28</i>	X	LGBT and Disabilities Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35	X	Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a	X	Standards in Action: Climate Change