Marking Period			Unit Title	Recommended Instructional Days
Marking Period 2		Era 3. Expansion	n and Reform (1801–1861)	45-50 Days
NJSLS - United States History: America in the World 6.1 Disciplinary Strand: Disciplinary Concept:		Recommended Activities:		
Core Ideas:	Performano	ce Expectation:	 Geographical and Historical Context Louisiana Purchase 	
Civic and political institutions address social and political problems at the local, state, tribal, national, and/or international level	primary and determine the and state isses the rise of in politics important practices. 6.1.12.Civic the Suprementation of the supre	esPI.3.a: Analyze I secondary sources to ne extent to which local tues, publications, and nterest group and party acted the development ric institutions and es.PI.3.b: Describe how the Court increased the ten national government ted national economic to grant the series of the seri	 Analysis: What was the impact of the Louisiana Purchase on the United States? Louisiana Purchase - Jefferson's Motivations Analysis: What motivated President Jefferson to negotiate the Louisiana Purchase? Indian Removal Act Stations Using Evidence: What were the arguments for an against the Indian Removal Act? Monroe Doctrine Analysis: What did the Monroe Doctrine say? H did it shape early US foregin policy? Enslaved Peoples of the early 1800's Using Evidence: How and why did the institution slavery grow in the early 1800's? Early Women's Rights Movement Analysis: What were the arguments for and again women participating in the abolitionist movement How did the abolitionist movement lead to the exwomen's rights movement? Compare and contrast reform movements of the 1840s we select reform movements of the 2020s Abolition Movement 	
Social and political systems throughout time have promoted and denied civic virtues and democratic principles.	contrast the of political a movements	esDP.3.a: Compare and successes and failures and social reform in New Jersey and the 1g the Antebellum period		

	 (i.e., the 1844 State Constitution, abolition, women's rights, and temperance). 6.1.12. CivicsDP.3.b: Judge the fairness of government treaties, policies, and actions that resulted in Native American migration and removal. 6.1.12. CivicsDP.3.c: Examine the origins of the antislavery movement and the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement. 	 Analysis: What anit-slavery arguments did abolitionists make? Optional Extension Activities: DBQ: The Trail of Tears: Why Were the Cherokee Removed? Lewis and Clark Evaluating Sources: How did the Lewis and Clark journey impact Native Americans? Erie Canal Using Evidence: What was the impact of the Erie Canal? Nat Turner's Rebellion Evaluating Sources: How reliable are the primary source documents about Nat Turner's rebellion? Whose perspective is missing?
Maps, satellite images, photographs, and other representations to explain relationships between the locations of places and regions, and changes in their environmental characteristics	6.1.12.GeoSV.3.a: Evaluate the impact of Western settlement on the expansion of United States political boundaries.	 Interdisciplinary Connections: Science: Study the differing lands acquired in the Louisiana Purchase Language Arts: The Adventures of Tom Sawyer Fashion: The racoon hat. Economics: What does an influx of resources do to a market?
Resources impact what is produced and employment opportunities.	6.1.12.EconET.3.a: Relate the wealth of natural resources to the economic development of the United States and to the quality of life of individuals.	New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative.
Economic globalization affects economic growth, labor markets, human rights guarantees, the environment,	6.1.12.EconGE.3.a: Analyze how technological developments transformed the economy, created	

Content Area: Social Studies (NJSLS-CHPE 6.1, 6.3) Grades K - 12 Grade: 10

resource allocation, income distribution, and culture	international markets, and affected the environment in New Jersey and the nation.
Advancements in technology and investments in capital goods and human capital increase economic growth and standards of living.	6.1.12.EconNE.3.a: Evaluate the impact of education in improving economic opportunities and in the development of responsible citizens.
To better understand the historical perspective, one must consider historical context.	6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.a: Determine how expansion created opportunities for some and hardships for others by considering multiple perspectives over different time periods (e.g. Native American/European, Native American/White settlers, American/Latin American, American/Asian).
Complex interacting factors influence people's perspective.	6.1.12.HistoryUP.3.b: Examine a variety of sources from multiple perspectives on slavery and evaluate the claims used to justify the arguments
Evidence from multiple relevant historical sources and interpretations can be used to	6.1.12.HistoryCA.3.a: Use evidence to demonstrate how states' rights (i.e., Nullification) and

develop a reasoned argument about the past.	sectional interests influenced party politics and shaped national policies (i.e., the Missouri Compromise and the Compromise of 1850). 6.1.12.HistoryCA.3.b: Use primary sources representing multiple perspectives to explain the impact of immigration on American society and the economy and the various responses to increased immigration.	
Historical events and developments were shaped by the unique circumstances of time and place as well as broader historical contexts.	6.1.12.HistoryCC.3.a: Evaluate the role of religion, music, literature, and media in shaping contemporary American culture over different time periods.	
Disciplin	hip in the 21st Century 6.3 ary Strand: ary Concept:	
Core Ideas:	Performance Expectation:	 <u>Unit Overarching Essential Question:</u> A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
Political and civil institutions impact all aspects of people's lives	6.3.8.CivicsPI.1: Evaluate, take, and defend a position on why government is necessary, and the purposes government should serve.	 How do citizens, civic ideals, and government institutions interact to balance the needs of individuals and the common good? How have economic, political, and cultural decisions promoted or prevented the growth of personal
Governments have different structures which impact development (expansion) and civic participation.	6.3.8.CivicsPI.2: Evaluate the extent to which different forms of government reflect the history	freedom, individual responsibility, equality, and respect for human dignity? B. Geography, People, and the Environment

	and values of various societies (e.g., monarchy, democracy, republic, dictatorship). 6.3.8.CivicsPI.3: Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to examine the role of individuals, political parties, interest groups, and the media in a local or global issue and share this information with a governmental or nongovernmental organization as a way to gain support for addressing the issue. 6.3.8.CivicsPI.4: Investigate the roles of political, civil, and economic organizations in shaping people's lives and share this information with individuals who might benefit from this information	 How do physical geography, human geography, and the human environment interact to influence or determine the development of cultures, societies, and nations? C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology How can individuals, groups, and societies apply economic reasoning to make difficult choices about scarce resources? What are the possibleconsequences of these decisions for individuals, groups, and societies? How have scientific and technological developments over the course of history changed the way people live and economies and governments function? D. History, Culture, and Perspectives How do our interpretations of past events inform our understanding of cause and effect, and continuity and change, and how do they influence our beliefs and decisions about current public policy issues? How can the study of multiple perspectives, beliefs systems, and cultures provide a context for understanding and challenging public actions and decisions in a diverse and interdependent world?
Civic participation and deliberation are the responsibility of every member of society	 6.3.8.CivicsPD.1: Deliberate on a public issue affecting an upcoming election, consider opposing arguments, and develop a reasoned conclusion. 6.3.8.CivicsPD.2: Propose and defend a position regarding a public policy issue at the appropriate local, state, or national 	decisions in a diverse and interdependent world:
Members of society have the obligation to become informed of the facts regarding public	6.3.8.CivicsPD.3: Construct a claim as to why it is important for democracy that individuals	

issues and to engage in honest, mutually respectful discourse to advance public policy solutions.	are informed by facts, aware of diverse viewpoints,
The United States system of government is designed to realize the ideals of liberty, democracy, limited government, equality under the law and of opportunity, justice, and property rights.	6.3.8.CivicsDP.1: Identify an issue of inequality, develop multiple solutions, and communicate the best one to an appropriate government body. 6.3.8.CivicsDP.2: Make a claim based on evidence to determine the extent and the limitations of First Amendment rights (e.g., U.S. Supreme Court decisions). 6.3.8.CivicsDP.3: Use historical case studies and current events to explain why due process is essential for the protection of individual rights and maintenance of limited government.
In a democratic government, there are multiple processes by which individuals can influence the creation of rules, laws, and public policy.	6.3.8.CivicsPR.1: Analyze primary sources to explain how democratic ideas in the United States developed from the historical experiences of ancient societies, England, and the North American colonies. 6.3.8.CivicsPR.2: Evaluate the effectiveness of the fundamental principles of the Constitution (i.e., consent of the governed, rule of law, federalism, limited government, separation of powers,

checks and balances, and individual rights) in establishing a federal government that allows for growth and change over time.

- 6.3.8.CivicsPR.3: Take a position on an issue in which fundamental ideals and principles are in conflict (e.g., liberty, equality).
- 6.3.8.CivicsPR.4: Use evidence and quantitative data to propose or defend a public policy related to climate change.
- 6.3.8.CivicsPR.5: Engage in simulated democratic processes (e.g., legislative hearings, judicial proceedings, elections) to understand how conflicting points of view are addressed in a democratic society.
- 6.3.8.CivicsPR.6: Seek the perspectives of multiple stakeholders with diverse points of view regarding a local budget issue and take a position on proposed policy.
- 6.3.8.CivicsPR.7: Compare how ideas become laws at the local, state, and national level.

Fundamental rights are derived from the inherent worth of each individual and include civil, political, social, economic, and cultural	6.3.8.CivicsHR.1: Construct an argument as to the source of human rights and how they are best protected.
Economic decision-making involves setting goals, weighing costs and benefits, and identifying the resources available to achieve those goals.	6.3.8.EconET.1: Using quantitative data, evaluate the opportunity cost of a proposed economic action, and take a position and support it (e.g., healthcare, education, transportation). 6.3.8.EconET.2: Assess the impact of government incentives and disincentives on the economy (e.g., patents, protection of private property, taxes).
Social Studies Practices	
 corroboration) Seeking Diverse Perspective Developing Claims and Use Presenting Arguments and 	Sources (sourcing; contextualization; res ing Evidence
Social and Emotional Learning: Competencies	Social and Emotional Learning: Sub-Competencies

 Self- awareness Social Awareness Self- Management Relationship Skills Responsible Decision-Making 	 Recognizing the importance of self-confidence in handling daily tasks and challenges. Demonstrate an awareness of the expectations for social interactions in a variety of ways. Demonstrate an understanding of the need for mutual respect when viewpoints differ. Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals. Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others. Develop, implement, and model effective problem solving and critical thinking skills. 	
To show evidence of meeting the sa	s (Formative) tandard/s, students will successfully within:	Assessments (Summative) To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully complete:
Formative Assessments:	ca in 1800	Benchmarks:

Content Area: Social Studies (NJSLS-CHPE 6.1, 6.3) Grades K - 12 Grade: 10

- Analysis: What was the impact of the Louisiana Purchase on the United States?
- Louisiana Purchase Jefferson's Motivations
 - Analysis: What motivated President Jefferson to negotiate the Louisiana Purchase?
- Indian Removal Act Stations
 - Using Evidence: What were the arguments for and against the Indian Removal Act?
- Monroe Doctrine
 - Analysis: What did the Monroe Doctrine say? How did it shape early US foregin policy?
- Enslaved Peoples of the early 1800's
 - Using Evidence: How and why did the institution of slavery grow in the early 1800's?
- Early Women's Rights Movement
 - Analysis: What were the arguments for and against women participating in the abolitionist movement?
 How did the abolitionist movement lead to the early women's rights movement?
- Abolition Movement
 - Analysis: What anit-slavery arguments did abolitionists make?
- Newsela Articles
- Image Analysis & Graphic Organizers/Gallery Walk
- Map Skills Assignments
- Analyzing Political Cartoons
- Identify and summarize points of view
- Online Games: Quizizz and Quizlet for content and vocabulary respectively
- Quizzes
- Flip Books
- Debates/Discussions
- Data Based Questions
- Document Based Questions
- Small and large group discussions

• Tests/Assessments

Content Area: Social Studies (NJSLS-CHPE 6.1, 6.3) Grades K - 12 Grade: 10

- Peer reviews
- View films
- Listen to audio
- Conduct interviews
- Simulations
- Analyze statistics
- Policy analysis and recommendations
- Persuasive/Expository Writing Prompts

Differentiated Student Access to Content: Teaching and Learning Resources/Materials

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core Resources
 Prentice Hall, United States History: New Jersey Edition Prentice Hall, A History of the United States McDougal Littell, The Americans Pearson, The African-American Odyssey Pearson's Pacemaker Series, United States History Teacher's Curriculum Institute: History Alive! Amistad Curriculum Holocaust & Genocide Education Curriculum DBQ Online JStor 	 Skill building activities Pearson's Pacemaker Series DBQ Online ProEd Shorts NewsELA Videos Leveled Assessments Choice Boards 	 Bilingual dictionary Modified assessments and/or rubric Videos in their native language Pearson's Pacemaker Series ProEd Shorts NewsELA 	 Leveled readings Novels; periodicals Leveled Assessments Enrichment activities & projects Choice Boards Inquiry projects Genius Hour Projects

 NewsELA Cicero: History Beyond the Textbook ArcGIS 		

Supplemental Resources

Technology:

• Chromebooks, Geoinquiries, Zoom and Google Meets, Google Classroom, Interactive Textbooks, Jamboards, Schoology, Schoology Discussion Board, Google Classroom, Quizz, Quizlet, Kahoot,

Other:

• Novels, Periodicals, Maps, artifacts, JStor, ARC's Research Lab, NewsELA, DBQ Online

Differentiated Student Access to Content: Recommended Strategies & Techniques

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core
 Deliver instruction utilizing varied learning styles including audio, visual, and tactile/kinesthetic Provide individual instruction as needed Modify assessments and/or rubrics Repeat instructions as needed 	 Skill building activities Leveled Assessments Choice Boards Multi-sensory (VAKT) approach during instruction Alternate presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple explanations, additional examples, modeling, etc.) Modify test content and/or format 	 Modified activities Extend time requirements Preferred seating Checks for understanding/review Oral/visual directions/prompts when necessary, supplemental materials including Bilingual dictionary Modified assessments and/or rubric Reading materials in the 	 Curriculum compacting & acceleration Leveled readings Leveled Assessments Enrichment activities & projects Choice Boards Inquiry projects

 Retakes Additional time Preferential seating Review, restate and repeat directions; written directions Study guides Break assignments into segments of shorter tasks Oral rather than written answers 	 native language Watching videos in the native language 	

NJSLS CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES & KEY SKILLS

- Standard 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy
- Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training
- Standard 9.3: Career and Technical Education
- Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

Disciplinary Concepts:

- Financial health
- Financial Landscape
- Money Management
- Career Awareness and Planning
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical Thinking and Problem-solving
- Digital Citizenship
- Global and Cultural Awareness
- Information and Media Literacy
- Technology Literacy

Core Ideas:

Standard 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy: This standard outlines the important fiscal knowledge, habits, and skills that must be mastered in order for students to make informed decisions about personal finance. Financial literacy is an integral component of a student's college and career readiness, enabling students to achieve fulfilling, financially-secure, and successful careers. • Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training. This standard outlines the importance of being knowledgeable about one's interests and talents, and being well informed about postsecondary and career options, career

	planning, and career requirements. • Standard 9.3: This standard outlines what students should know and be able to do upon completion of a CTE Program of Study. • Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills. This standard outline key literacies and technical skills such as critical thinking, global and cultural awareness, and technology literacy* that are
	critical for students to develop to live and work in an interconnected global economy.
Performance Expectation/s:	Civic Financial Responsibility (CFR) • Credit Profile (CP) • Financial Psychology (FP) • Financial Institutions (FI) • Planning and Budgeting (PB) • Risk Management and Insurance (RMI) • Economic and Government Influences (EGI) • Career Awareness and Planning (CAP) • Creativity and Innovation (CI) • Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving (CT) • Digital Citizenship (DC) • Global and Cultural Awareness (GCA) • Information and Media Literacy (IML) • Technology Literacy (TL)
Career Re	eadiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills Practices
 Communication and Media Accountability, Productivity Evaluate resources, understand author Uses effective communication and complans, executes, and alters goals in resources. 	n Solving nd Leadership ng and Interpersonal Communications Fluency

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Dev.	Date:

Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88 Holocaust Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35- 28 Holocaust Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35- N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a Standards in Climate Cha
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