

Marking Period	Unit Title	Recommended Instructional Days
Marking Period 3	Era 4. Civil War and Reconstruction (1850–1877)	35-40 Days
NJSLS - United States History: America in the World 6.1 Disciplinary Strand: Disciplinary Concept:		<u>Recommended Activities:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do Nows - Exit Tickets • DBQ: What Caused the Civil War? • DBQ: North or South: Who Killed Reconstruction? • Compromises, Slavery, and Expansion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Graphic Organizer: How did westward expansion impact the growth of slavery in the United States? • Dred Scott v. Sandford <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Close Read 2: What did the ruling in the Dred Scott case mean for African Americans in 1857? • Abolition Movement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Primary source deep dive: Frederick Douglass and Harriet Beecher Stowe • Union v. Confederacy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Close Read 3: On the eve of the U.S. Civil War, what were some of the differences between the Union & the Confederate States of America? • Emancipation Proclamation and Gettysburg Address <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Primary source document analysis
Core Ideas:	Performance Expectation:	
Democratic principles concerning universal human rights, concepts of equality, and the commitment to human freedom are commonly expressed in fundamental documents, values, laws, and practices.	<p>6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.a: Compare and contrast historians’ interpretations of the impact of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments on African American's ability to participate in influencing governmental policies.</p> <p>6.1.12.CivicsDP.4.b: Analyze how ideas found in key documents contributed to demanding equality for all (i.e., the Declaration of Independence, the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the Gettysburg Address).</p>	
Historical, contemporary, and emerging processes, rules, laws, and policies are modified as societies change in an effort to	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPR.4.a: Draw from multiple sources to explain the ways in which prevailing attitudes,</p>	

promote the common good and strive to protect human rights.	socioeconomic factors, and government actions (i.e., the Fugitive Slave Act and Dred Scott Decision) in the North and South (i.e., Secession) led to the Civil War.	<p><u>Optional Extension Activities:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inquiry - Annexation of Texas and Mexican American War <p><u>Interdisciplinary Connections:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Language Arts: The Annotated Memoirs of Ulysses S. Grant. • Music: Study the primary instruments used during wartime. • Economics: Study the resource competition of the Union vs Confederate states. <p><u>New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative.</u></p>
Maps, satellite images, photographs, and other representations can be used to explain relationships between the locations of places and regions, and changes in their environmental characteristics.	6.1.12.GeoSV.4.a: Use maps and primary sources to describe the impact geography had on military, political, and economic decisions during the civil war.	
Demographic shifts and migration patterns both influence and are impacted by social, economic, and political systems.	6.1.12.GeoPP.4.a: Use evidence to demonstrate the impact of population shifts and migration patterns during the Reconstruction period.	
Resources impact what is produced and employment opportunities.	6.1.12.EconET.4.a: Assess the role that economics played in enabling the North and South to wage war.	
Advancements in technology and investments in capital goods and human capital increase economic growth and standards of living.	6.1.12.EconNE.4.a: Compare and contrast the immediate and long-term effects of the Civil War on the economies of the North and South.	

<p>There are multiple and complex causes and effects of events from the past.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.4.a: Analyze the extent of change in the relationship between the national and state governments as a result of the Civil War and the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments during the 19th century.</p>	
<p>To better understand the historical perspective, one must consider historical context.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryUP.4.a: Relate conflicting political, economic, social, and sectional perspectives on Reconstruction to the resistance of some Southern individuals and states.</p>	
<p>Complex interacting factors influence people's perspective.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryUP.4.b: Use primary sources to compare and contrast the experiences of African Americans who lived in Union and Confederate states before and during the Civil War.</p>	
<p>Understanding the interrelated patterns of change by examining multiple events allows for a clearer understanding of the significance of individuals and groups.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.4.b: Compare and contrast the impact of the American Civil War with the impact of a past or current civil war in another country in terms of the consequences of costs,</p>	

	reconstruction, people's lives, and work.	
Evidence from multiple relevant historical sources and interpretations can be used to develop a reasoned argument about the past.	6.1.12.HistoryCA.4.c: Analyze the debate about how to reunite the country and determine the extent to which enacted Reconstruction policies achieved their goals.	
NJSLS - Active Citizenship in the 21st Century 6.3 Disciplinary Strand: Disciplinary Concept:		
Core Ideas:	Performance Expectation:	<u>Unit Overarching Essential Question:</u>
Political and civil institutions impact all aspects of people's lives	6.3.8.CivicsPI.1: Evaluate, take, and defend a position on why government is necessary, and the purposes government should serve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How do citizens, civic ideals, and government institutions interact to balance the needs of individuals and the common good? ○ How have economic, political, and cultural decisions promoted or prevented the growth of personal freedom, individual responsibility, equality, and respect for human dignity? ● B. Geography, People, and the Environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How do physical geography, human geography, and the human environment interact to influence or determine the development of cultures, societies, and nations? ● C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How can individuals, groups, and societies apply economic reasoning to make difficult choices about scarce resources? What are the possible consequences?
Governments have different structures which impact development (expansion) and civic participation.	6.3.8.CivicsPI.2: Evaluate the extent to which different forms of government reflect the history and values of various societies (e.g., monarchy, democracy, republic, dictatorship). 6.3.8.CivicsPI.3: Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to examine the role of individuals, political parties, interest groups, and the media in a local or global issue and share this information with a	

	<p>governmental or nongovernmental organization as a way to gain support for addressing the issue.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPI.4: Investigate the roles of political, civil, and economic organizations in shaping people's lives and share this information with individuals who might benefit from this information</p>	<p>of these decisions for individuals, groups, and societies?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How have scientific and technological developments over the course of history changed the way people live and economies and governments function? ● D. History, Culture, and Perspectives <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How do our interpretations of past events inform our understanding of cause and effect, and continuity and change, and how do they influence our beliefs and decisions about current public policy issues? ○ How can the study of multiple perspectives, beliefs systems, and cultures provide a context for understanding and challenging public actions and decisions in a diverse and interdependent world?
<p>Civic participation and deliberation are the responsibility of every member of society</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPD.1: Deliberate on a public issue affecting an upcoming election, consider opposing arguments, and develop a reasoned conclusion.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPD.2: Propose and defend a position regarding a public policy issue at the appropriate local, state, or national</p>	
<p>Members of society have the obligation to become informed of the facts regarding public issues and to engage in honest, mutually respectful discourse to advance public policy solutions.</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPD.3: Construct a claim as to why it is important for democracy that individuals are informed by facts, aware of diverse viewpoints,</p>	
<p>The United States system of government is designed to realize the ideals of liberty, democracy, limited government, equality under the law and of opportunity, justice, and property rights.</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsDP.1: Identify an issue of inequality, develop multiple solutions, and communicate the best one to an appropriate government body.</p>	

	<p>6.3.8.CivicsDP.2: Make a claim based on evidence to determine the extent and the limitations of First Amendment rights (e.g., U.S. Supreme Court decisions).</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsDP.3: Use historical case studies and current events to explain why due process is essential for the protection of individual rights and maintenance of limited government.</p>	
<p>In a democratic government, there are multiple processes by which individuals can influence the creation of rules, laws, and public policy.</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.1: Analyze primary sources to explain how democratic ideas in the United States developed from the historical experiences of ancient societies, England, and the North American colonies.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.2: Evaluate the effectiveness of the fundamental principles of the Constitution (i.e., consent of the governed, rule of law, federalism, limited government, separation of powers, checks and balances, and individual rights) in establishing a federal government that allows for growth and change over time.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.3: Take a position on an issue in which fundamental ideals and principles are in conflict (e.g., liberty, equality).</p>	

	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.4: Use evidence and quantitative data to propose or defend a public policy related to climate change.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.5: Engage in simulated democratic processes (e.g., legislative hearings, judicial proceedings, elections) to understand how conflicting points of view are addressed in a democratic society.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.6: Seek the perspectives of multiple stakeholders with diverse points of view regarding a local budget issue and take a position on proposed policy.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.7: Compare how ideas become laws at the local, state, and national level.</p>	
Fundamental rights are derived from the inherent worth of each individual and include civil, political, social, economic, and cultural	6.3.8.CivicsHR.1: Construct an argument as to the source of human rights and how they are best protected.	
Economic decision-making involves setting goals, weighing costs and benefits, and identifying the resources available to achieve those goals.	6.3.8.EconET.1: Using quantitative data, evaluate the opportunity cost of a proposed economic action, and take a position and support it (e.g., healthcare, education, transportation).	

	6.3.8.EconET.2: Assess the impact of government incentives and disincentives on the economy (e.g., patents, protection of private property, taxes).	
Social Studies Practices		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing Questions and Planning Inquiry • Gathering and Evaluating Sources (sourcing; contextualization; corroboration) • Seeking Diverse Perspectives • Developing Claims and Using Evidence • Presenting Arguments and Explanations • Engaging in Civil Discourse and Critiquing Conclusions • Taking Informed Action 		
Social and Emotional Learning: Competencies	Social and Emotional Learning: Sub-Competencies	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Self- awareness • Social Awareness • Self- Management • Relationship Skills • Responsible Decision-Making 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognizing the importance of self-confidence in handling daily tasks and challenges. • Demonstrate an awareness of the expectations for social interactions in a variety of ways. • Demonstrate an understanding of the need 	

	<p>for mutual respect when viewpoints differ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals. ● Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others. ● Develop, implement, and model effective problem solving and critical thinking skills. 	
<p>Assessments (Formative) <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully engage within:</i></p>		<p>Assessments (Summative) <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully complete:</i></p>
<p><u>Formative Assessments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Do Nows - Exit Tickets ● DBQ: What Caused the Civil War? ● DBQ: North or South: Who Killed Reconstruction? ● Compromises, Slavery, and Expansion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Graphic Organizer: How did westward expansion impact the growth of slavery in the United States? ● Dred Scott v. Sandford <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Close Read 2: What did the ruling in the Dred Scott case mean for African Americans in 1857? ● Abolition Movement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Primary source deep dive: Frederick Douglass and Harriet Beecher Stowe ● Union v. Confederacy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Close Read 3: On the eve of the U.S. Civil War, what were some of the differences between the Union & the Confederate States of America? 		<p><u>Benchmarks:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● District Assessment <p><u>Summative Assessments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Document Analysis - Research various topics of the ● DBQ: What Caused the Civil War? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Essay/Objectives/Debate/Project ● DBQ: North or South: Who Killed Reconstruction? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Essay/Objectives/Debate/Project ● Tests/Assessments

<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Emancipation Proclamation and Gettysburg Address<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Primary source document analysis● Newsela Articles● Image Analysis & Graphic Organizers/Gallery Walk● Map Skills Assignments● Analyzing Political Cartoons● Identify and summarize points of view● Online Games: Quizizz and Quizlet for content and vocabulary respectively● Quizzes● Flip Books● Debates/Discussions● Data Based Questions● Document Based Questions● Small and large group discussions● Peer reviews● View films● Listen to audio● Conduct interviews● Simulations● Analyze statistics● Policy analysis and recommendations● Persuasive/Expository Writing Prompts			
Differentiated Student Access to Content: Teaching and Learning <i>Resources/Materials</i>			
Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources <i>IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</i>	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core Resources
<ul style="list-style-type: none">● HMH, American History	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Skill building activities● Pearson’s Pacemaker Series● DBQ Online	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Bilingual dictionary● Modified assessments and/or rubric	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Leveled readings● Novels; periodicals● Leveled Assessments

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pearson, <i>The African-American Odyssey</i> • Pearson's Pacemaker Series, United States History • Teacher's Curriculum Institute: History Alive! • Amistad Curriculum • Holocaust & Genocide Education Curriculum • DBQ Online • JStor • NewsELA • Cicero: History Beyond the Textbook • ArcGIS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ProEd Shorts • NewsELA • Videos • Leveled Assessments • Choice Boards • HMH, American History 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Videos in their native language • Pearson's Pacemaker Series • ProEd Shorts • NewsELA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enrichment activities & projects • Choice Boards • Inquiry projects • Genius Hour Projects • HMH, American History
Supplemental Resources			
Technology: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chromebooks, Geoinquiries, Zoom and Google Meets, Google Classroom, Interactive Textbooks, Jamboards, Schoology, Schoology Discussion Board, GoogleClassroom, Quizz, Quizlet, Kahoot, Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Novels, Periodicals, Maps, artifacts, JStor, ARC's Research Lab, NewsELA, DBQ Online 			
Differentiated Student Access to Content: Recommended <i>Strategies & Techniques</i>			
Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources <i>IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</i>	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliver instruction utilizing varied learning styles including audio, visual, and tactile/kinesthetic • Provide individual instruction as needed • Modify assessments and/or rubrics • Repeat instructions as needed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Skill building activities • Leveled Assessments • Choice Boards • Multi-sensory (VAKT) approach during instruction • Alternate presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple explanations, additional examples, modeling, etc.) • Modify test content and/or format • Retakes • Additional time • Preferential seating • Review, restate and repeat directions; written directions • Study guides • Break assignments into segments of shorter tasks • Oral rather than written answers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modified activities • Extend time requirements • Preferred seating • Checks for understanding/review • Oral/visual directions/prompts when necessary, supplemental materials including Bilingual dictionary • Modified assessments and/or rubric • Reading materials in the native language • Watching videos in the native language 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Curriculum compacting & acceleration • Leveled readings • Leveled Assessments • Enrichment activities & projects • Choice Boards • Inquiry projects
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<p>NJSLS CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES & KEY SKILLS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard 9.1 Personal 	<p>Disciplinary Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial health • Financial Landscape • Money Management • Career Awareness and Planning • Creativity and Innovation
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<p>Financial Literacy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training • Standard 9.3: Career and Technical Education • Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical Thinking and Problem-solving • Digital Citizenship • Global and Cultural Awareness • Information and Media Literacy • Technology Literacy 	
	<p>Core Ideas:</p>	<p>Standard 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy: This standard outlines the important fiscal knowledge, habits, and skills that must be mastered in order for students to make informed decisions about personal finance. Financial literacy is an integral component of a student's college and career readiness, enabling students to achieve fulfilling, financially-secure, and successful careers. • Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training. This standard outlines the importance of being knowledgeable about one's interests and talents, and being well informed about postsecondary and career options, career planning, and career requirements. • Standard 9.3: This standard outlines what students should know and be able to do upon completion of a CTE Program of Study. • Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills. This standard outline key literacies and technical skills such as critical thinking, global and cultural awareness, and technology literacy* that are critical for students to develop to live and work in an interconnected global economy.</p>
	<p>Performance Expectation/s:</p>	<p>Civic Financial Responsibility (CFR) • Credit Profile (CP) • Financial Psychology (FP) • Financial Institutions (FI) • Planning and Budgeting (PB) • Risk Management and Insurance (RMI) • Economic and Government Influences (EGI) • Career Awareness and Planning (CAP) • Creativity and Innovation (CI) • Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving (CT) • Digital Citizenship (DC) • Global and Cultural Awareness (GCA) • Information and Media Literacy (IML) • Technology Literacy (TL)</p>
	<p>Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills Practices</p>	

	<p>Continually self-reflects and seek to improve historical thinking skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Critical Thinking & Problem Solving ● Creativity and Innovation ● Collaboration, Teamwork and Leadership ● Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communications ● Communication and Media Fluency ● Accountability, Productivity and Ethics <p>Evaluate resources, understand author bias, and evaluate echo chambers; Uses effective communication and collaboration skills and resources to interact with a global society; Plans, executes, and alters goals in response to changing societal and economic conditions; Seeks to attain skill and content mastery to achieve success in a chosen career path.</p>
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New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative Code (place an "X" before each law/statute if/when present within the curriculum map)									
X	Amistad Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88</i>		Holocaust Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35- 28</i>		LGBT and Disabilities Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35</i>	X	Diversity & Inclusion: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a</i>		Standards in Action: <i>Climate Change</i>