Grade 1

Unit 5: Living Things and Their Young

New Jersey Student Learning Standards

Established 2016-2017 Revised 2018-2019 Revised 2019-2020 Revised 2020-2021 Revised 2022-2023

Trimester 2 / 3		Unit Title Unit 5 Living Things an	d Their Young	Recommended Instructional Days 36 - 40 days	
From Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Processespatterns in that help of I-LS3-1 I evidence-Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits1-LS3-1 I evidence-		NJSLS - Science: Performance Expectations ead texts and use media to determine behavior of parents and offspring fspring survive. Take observations to construct an ased account that young plants and be like, but not exactly like, their FOUNDATION Disciplinary:	Recommended Activities, Investigations, Interdisciplinary Connections, and/or Student Experiences to Explore NJSLS-S within Unit		
Core Idea • Ai yc pa • LS1.B: Growth and Development of Organisms • LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits • LS3.B: Variation of Traits ar th • Inn or but (1		Statement dult plants and animals can have oung. In many kinds of animals, rents and the offspring themselves gage in behaviors that help the fspring to survive. (1-LS1-2) oung animals are very much, but not actly like, their parents. Plants also e very much, but not exactly, like eir parents. (1- LS3-1) dividuals of the same kind of plant animal are recognizable as similar it can also vary in many ways. -LS3-1)	 Essential Ouestion/s: How Do Wild Animals and Animals That Live With People Differ In How They Care For Their Young? How Do Plants Look Like Their Parents? How Do Animals Look Like Their Parents? How Do Animals Take Care of Their Young? Suggested Activities: Explore lifecycles of plants and animals Hands On: Observe Brine Shrimp Compare How Animals Learn Performance Task Unit Project "You Solve It": Watch Us Grow 		
		FOUNDATION Science and Engineering Practices: Statement	Leveled Readers Interdisciplinary Connections: NJSLS <u>Connections to Math:</u>		
 Growth and Development of Organisms Inheritance of Traits Adult plants and animals can hav young. In many kinds of animals parents and the offspring themse 			1.NBT.B.3 Compare two two-digit numbers based on the meaning of the tens and one digits, recording the results of comparisons with the symbols >, =, and <. (1-LS1-2)		

FOUNDATION Crosscutting Concepts: <i>Core Idea</i>	 engage in behaviors that help the offspring to survive. (1-LS1-2) Young animals are very much, but not exactly like, their parents. Plants also are very much, but not exactly, like their parents. (1-LS3-1) FOUNDATION Crosscutting Concepts: Statement 	1.NBT.C.4 Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy a written method and explain the reasoning uses. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten. (1-LS1-2) 1.NBT.C.5 Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 1			
• Patterns	• Patterns in the natural world can be observed, used to describe phenomena, and used as evidence. (1-LS1-2)	 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used. (1-LS1-2) 1.NBT.C.6 Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and 			
Social and Emotional Learning: <i>Competencies</i>	Social and Emotional Learning: Sub-Competencies				
 Self-Awareness Self-Management Social Awareness Responsible Decision Making Relationship Skills 	 Recognize one's feelings and thoughts. Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals. Recognize and identify the thoughts, feelings, and perspectives of others. Develop, implement, and model effective problem-solving and critical thinking skills Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others 	 explain the reasoning used. (1-LS1-2) Connections to ELA RL.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. (1-LS1-2) RL.1.2 Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. (1-LS1-2) RL.1.10 With prompting and support, read and comprehend stori and poetry at grade level text complexity or above. (1-LS1-2) W.1.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use the to write a sequence of instructions). (1 LS1-1) 			
	nts (Formative) rd/s, students will successfully engage within:	Assessments (Summative) To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully complete:			
Formative Assessments:• Unit Pretest• Lesson Check• Unit Review		Benchmarks: • District Assessments Summative Assessments: • Lesson Quizzes			

		Unit Test	
		ent Access to Content: ng <i>Resources/Materials</i>	
Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core Resources
 Workbook Leveled Readers Hands-on Activities Interactive Worktext 	 Utilize a multi-sensory (VAKT) approach during instruction, provide alternate presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple explanations, additional examples, modeling, etc.), modify test content and/or format, allow students to retake Deliver instruction utilizing varied learning styles including audio, visual, and tactile/kinesthetic, provide individual instruction as needed, modify assessments and/or rubrics, repeat instructions as needed. 	• Extend time requirements, preferred seating, positive reinforcement, check often for understanding/review, oral/visual directions/prompts when necessary, supplemental materials including use of online bilingual dictionaries, and modified assessment and/or rubric.	Create an enhanced set of introductory activities, integrate active teaching/learning opportunities, incorporate authentic components, propose interest-based extension activities, and connect students to related talent development opportunities.
	Supplemen	tal Resources	
 echnology: HMH Co. Interactive Site You Solve It Simulations ther: areer Education: Botanist, Zool pot Light On Scientist: Tanisha 			
		ent Access to Content: ntegies & Techniques	
Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core

	Dev. Date:2020-2021		
 Large group instruction Small group instruction Think Pair Share Cooperative group work Multimedia presentations K-W-L Manipulatives Leveled Readers 	 Utilize a multi-sensory (VAKT) approach during instruction, provide alternate presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple explanations, additional examples, modeling, etc.), modify test content and/or format, allow students to retake Deliver instruction utilizing varied learning styles including audio, visual, and tactile/kinesthetic, provide individual instruction as needed. Students at Risk of School Failure: Deliver instruction utilizing varied learning styles including audio, visual, and tactile/kinesthetic, provide individual instruction as needed. 	• Extend time requirements, preferred seating, positive reinforcement, check often for understanding/review, oral/visual directions/prompts when necessary, supplemental materials including use of online bilingual dictionaries, and modified assessment and/or rubric.	• Create an enhanced set of introductory activities, integrate active teaching/learning opportunities, incorporate authentic components, propose interest-based extension activities, and connect students to related talent development opportunities.

	Disciplinary Concept: Career Awareness & Planning, Creativity & Innovation, Critical Thinking & Solving, Technology Literacy				
	Core Ideas:	 Different types of jobs require different knowledge and skills. Brainstorming can create new, innovative ideas. Critical thinkers must first identify a problem then develop a plan to address it to effectively solve the problem. Collaboration can simplify the work an individual has to do and sometimes produce a better product. 			
NJSLS CAREER READINESS,	Performance Expectation/s:	 9.1.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives 			

	Content Area: Science (NJSLS-S) Grades K - 12 Grade: 1		
LIFE LITERACIES & KEY SKILLS	 1.3A.2CR1a). 9.4.2.CT.1: Gather information change, and collaboratively bra (e.g., K-2-ETS1-1, 6.3.2.GeoC 9.4.2.CT.2: Identify possible a plan (e.g., 1.2.2.CR1b, 8.2.2.E 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of typinductive, deductive). 9.4.2.TL.7: Describe the benefitied of the benef	ality and inventiveness in work (e.g., a about an issue, such as climate ainstorm ways to solve the problem 61.2). pproaches and resources to execute a	
	Career Readiness, Life Literacies & Key Skill I	Practices	
	 Demonstrate creativity and innovation. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in sol Use technology to enhance productivity, increase collaboration and corr Work productively in teams while using cultural/global compatence 	•	

• Work productively in teams while using cultural/global competence.

	New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative Code (place an "X" before each law/statute if/when present within the curriculum map)								
x	Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88		Holocaust Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28		LGBT and Disabilities Law: <i>N.J.S.A.</i> <i>18A:35-4.35</i>	X	Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a		Standards in Action: <i>Climate Change</i>